

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA
CHARLOTTE DIVISION
CRIMINAL ACTION NO. 3:15-CR-00179-FDW-DCK**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
vs.) **ORDER**
)
)
JACOB IVAN HILL,)
)
Defendant.)
)

THIS MATTER IS BEFORE THE COURT on the Government's Motion to Authorize Payment from Inmate Trust Account" (Doc. No. 186) ("Motion"). The Defendant has not responded to the Government's motion. Therefore, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 3613(a), 3664(n), and 3664(k), the Court **GRANTS** the United States' Motion.

BACKGROUND

The Defendant, Jacob Ivan Hill, was found guilty of nine counts in relation to a robbery, including Hobbs Act robbery, kidnapping, carjacking, drug offenses, and causing death in the course of possessing a firearm during and in relation to a crime of violence. On March 23, 2017, this Court sentenced him to a total of life plus eighty-four (84) months' imprisonment, and three (3) years of supervised release. This Court also ordered him to pay a \$900.00 special assessment and \$6,750.00 in restitution. To date, he has paid \$400.00 of the special assessment and nothing toward restitution. He remains in federal custody and is currently assigned to the Federal Correctional Institution in Inez, Kentucky.

The current balance of Defendant's debt is \$7,250.00. The United States Attorney's Office recently learned that he currently has \$4,194.20 in his inmate trust account maintained by the Bureau

of Prisons (“BOP”). The United States moves for entry of an order authorizing the BOP to turn over \$4,094.20 of the funds held in Defendant’s inmate trust account to the Clerk of Court as payment toward the restitution owed to the victims of Defendant’s crime.

DISCUSSION

Title 18, United States Code, section 3613 sets out procedures for the United States to enforce criminal monetary penalties, including restitution and fines. *See* 18 U.S.C. §§ 3613(a) and (f). Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3613(c), upon entry of judgment, a lien arises against all of the defendant’s property and rights to property, including the defendant’s interest in funds held by the BOP in his inmate trust account. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3613(a) (United States may enforce restitution against all property and rights to property of the defendant).

The Mandatory Victims Restitution Act (“MVRA”) permits the United States to use “all other available and reasonable means” to collect restitution. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3664(m)(1)(A)(ii). The MVRA also requires that a defendant’s substantial resources received from any source during his term of incarceration be applied to his outstanding restitution obligation. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3664(n). The MVRA further authorizes the Court to order payment of a restitution obligation upon notice of a material change in a defendant’s economic circumstances that affects his ability to pay restitution “as the interests of justice require.” *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3664(k).

The funds at issue currently are in the Government’s possession and the Government has a valid lien over this property. Further, because the property at issue is cash, it does not fall within any applicable categories of the exempt property that a defendant may claim in a criminal case. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3613(a)(1) (setting forth the applicable IRS property exemptions for criminal cases). Thus, the Court concludes that an order authorizing the turnover of the Defendant’s property is appropriate here.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the Government's Motion to Authorize Payment from Inmate Trust Account (Doc. No. 186) is **GRANTED**, and the Bureau of Prisons is hereby authorized to turn over to the Clerk of Court funds in the amount of \$4,092.20 held in the inmate trust account for the Defendant as payment for the criminal monetary penalties imposed in this case.

SO ORDERED.

Signed: October 12, 2021


Frank D. Whitney
United States District Judge